

The Topeka State Journal.

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NIGHT EDITION.

TOPEKA, KANSAS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1895.

TWENTY-THIRD YEAR.

MAY DAY TURMOIL.

Labor Disturbances Reported From Many Points.

But Not So General as on Former Occasions.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND

Coal Miners Go on Strike in Virginia.

All the Hocking Valley Miners Quit Work.

BRICK MAKERS STOP.

One Thousand of Them Strike at St. Louis.

Riots Reported Buda Pesth in Hungary.

ROANOKE, Va., May 1.—A Pocahontas special to the Times says: Fifteen thousand coal miners employed along the Ohio extension of the Norfolk & Western railroad went out on a strike at noon today.

The immediate cause of the strike was the notice by the operators of a twenty per cent reduction in wages.

Hocking Valley Miners.
COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 1.—A special from Newhouse, Ohio, to the Dispatch, says the coal miners throughout the Hocking Valley are all out, having performed their last work until the scale is settled. It is believed the suspension will not continue more than a week. A similar state of affairs prevails at Marshfield, but will not call a strike.

Under the new scale for 1895-96 to be adopted by the Ohio miners now in session, the Ohio miners association auxiliary to the United Mine Workers of America met today.

The Massillon delegates held a meeting to consider the matter of deciding to ask a 70 cent scale for Ohio, 75 to be the Pittsburgh rate and Ohio operators to hold back 10 cents to go to the support of the striking miners at Pittsburgh who are being pressed to work below the scale of 1895. This plan is opposed by all Ohio operators and many miners on account of its being dangerously near conspiracy.

BRICKMAKERS STRIKE.
They Want More Wages and a Nine Hour Day.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—One thousand brick yard workmen, all employed in the city, went out on a strike at noon today for more wages and a nine-hour workday. This has resulted in the suspension of sixteen brick yards with enough orders on hand to keep them busy for four weeks.

At the Builders' Exchange, at a conference of builders, it was generally agreed that the strike was of unusual importance, having taken place during the busiest season. It was decided that action must be taken at once. Bricklayers who have held carriers at work cannot proceed to fill their contracts owing to the scarcity of brick.

The brick companies, it is understood, have a very small supply on hand owing to the large shipments east.

FIGHT THE POLICE.
A May Day Collision Occurs in a Hungarian Town.

BUDA PESTH, May 1.—Soon after midnight 500 workmen marched through the leading streets of this city until dispersed by the police, who made several arrests.

A report has reached here from Miskolc that a serious conflict has taken place there between the police and a body of about 1,000 workmen, who were celebrating May day.

Iron Moulders Strike at Cleveland.
CLEVELAND, May 1.—The moulders employed in eight different foundries went on a strike today for increased wages. The men met last night and decided to go out today if the increase was not granted. Nine foundry firms conceded the advance out of the seven where the increase was asked for.

A Quiet Celebration.
CHICAGO, May 1.—The May Labor Day was celebrated here by thousands of working men with an imposing parade and public exercises.

After parading through the business center of the city the parade broke ranks at the Aurora Turner hall, where there were speeches, music, prize turning, singing and dancing.

Furniture Makers and Tanners Out.
SHEBOYGAN, Wis., May 1.—Over one thousand men are idle in this city owing to a strike for higher wages at the Mattoon Manufacturing company's furniture factory and the tannery of The O. Zebatske & Son today. It is feared the strike will spread to some of the other large factories here.

GRASSHOPPERS COME.
They Appear in Large Numbers in Two Missouri Counties.

ST. JOE, Mo., May 1.—A special to the Daily News from Excelsior Springs, Mo., says: The farmers of western Ray and eastern Clay counties are alarmed over the coming of the grasshoppers which have already put in an appearance in considerable numbers.

These pests have come long before their time and it is feared their presence forbodes no good.

LOOKS BRIGHT TO GOULD.

George Says Business of Every Kind Is Looking Up.

NEW YORK, May 1.—George J. Gould will sail on the New York for Southampton this morning. They will remain abroad until July.

Mr. Gould has recently been through the west on a tour of inspection of the Gould properties.

In speaking of the railroads and the general business situation he said: "The crop prospects in the west are excellent and the outlook is most encouraging for business interests. The Gould railway system is in a first class condition and the earnings are improving."

"The improvement in the general business situation is reflected in the increase of the Western Union Tel. Co. I believe the increase of this company's earnings is one of the best indications of trade being on a better basis."

"The outlook all over the country can not help but increase confidence at home and abroad in American investment properties. It appears that all kinds of business are included in the upward movement and so far as I can see, all the conditions which tend to make business, are fast reasserting themselves as the great factors of the day. The reports which I have received from the west and personal observation, lead me to believe that the prospect for good crops is such that the railroads and other transportation companies will show large increase in earnings from the movement of the crops. It is fortunate that conditions are improving so much; for it is just what we want to give confidence to foreign investors."

AMONG THE HORSEMEN.

Items of Interest About Fast Horses and Their Owners.

JAMES McFadden left for Council Bluffs today in charge of the fast horses belonging to Mileham and Ogee.

H. C. Lindsey and A. F. Unger shipped a carload of driving horses to Philadelphia last night. They will ship another carload next week.

Marv Boardley started for Council Bluffs with a string of fast horses today. Among those he takes with him are Bobby Wilkes, Ella C. Lurline, J. K. H., and St. Helena.

George Burkhardt's Gypsy B is liable to prove a surprise at the July races at St. Joe. Gypsy will enter the two-year-old event. She had a record of 2:51 as a yearling. Burkhardt's Smoker will enter the 2:00 class at the same races.

The bay gelding Reno, owned by Bell & Price, will go on track this year about May 26, and he is expected to beat 2:12. Reno won the first seven races he was entered in, getting five first moneys in three straight heats and two second moneys. He has shown his owners a real time gait in quarters, and has several times gone to half in 1:06. He trotted his third workout mile in 3:15.

THE FISH NEED WATER.

Danger That the Fish in Lake View May Die From Drouth.

Much apprehension is again felt among the members of the Lake View hunting and fishing club regarding the safety of the fish in the lake. At present there are only about 75 acres of water and this is to a depth of less than three feet except in a few places. The waters literally swarm with fish, it being estimated that there are ten tons of fish in the lake.

President L. C. Wasson says that unless the waters of the lake are replenished before hot weather the water will become too warm for the fish to live in. There should be 240 acres of water instead of eighty, with the aid of a good rain. No farmer in the state hopes for rain so ardently as the members of the Lake View club.

Kansas Sporting Notes.
Willis & Payne's fast trotter "J. K. H." (by Wayward), is named after Major J. K. Hudson.

The Topeka Y. M. C. A. and the College of Emporia will play ball at Athletic park next Saturday.

The duck-pick bowling tournament begun tonight at the Topeka Athletic club. There are twenty-six entered.

A Harrison telephone has been put in the Lake View club house for the accommodation of the Topeka members.

The base ball revival has rather out-sounded the interest in lawn tennis, but it is progressing in a mild way just the same. Most of last year's courts are being put into trim for another campaign.

Wade Watts saw "Icelander" Jack Laney in Kansas City this week and says he is in great trim for his fight with Paddy Hurler May 10. The Icelander will probably help Watts to train for his fight with Rodgers.

The wheelmen of the Topeka Athletic club will take a spin next Sunday to Wakarusa and return. The start will be made promptly at 6 a. m. from the corner of Eighth street and Kansas avenue, and Captain Doncyson promises "no scorching."

Dr. Brownfield is giving the Topeka base ball enterprise considerable backing. He has purchased fifty feet of the fence for advertising purposes, and has agreed to supply the uniforms, to cost \$100, which will be ordered from the house of A. G. Spaulding of Chicago.

MINNIE PALMER SUED.

She Is Made Defendant in an Action for Divorce.

LONDON, May 1.—John R. Rogers, the theatrical manager, has filed a petition for divorce from his wife, Minnie Palmer, on the grounds of adultery with a man named Jerrard, manager of a theatrical company.

The suit, which is not defended, is proceeding.

Runs in the Family.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., May 1.—William Withers, a young clerk in the United States arsenal, committed suicide today by shooting himself. Cause, ill health. His father killed himself two years ago. The young man was a brother-in-law to Capt. J. E. Nullis, U. S. A. Indian service fame.

Japanese Ready to Ratify.
YOKOHAMA, May 1.—Count Ito, president of the Japanese council of ministers, and Count Myojii, the Japanese envoy, have started for Chefoo in order to be ready to ratify the treaty of peace on May 8.

NOBODY TO BLAME.

Coroner's Jury in the Elbe Case Return a Verdict.

Find Gross Negligence on the Part of Crathie Officers.

GORDON EXONERATED.

The Commander of the Crathie Wholly Blameless.

Not Sufficient Proof That the Crathie Was at Fault.

LOWESTOFT, Eng., May 1.—The coroner's jury, which has been investigating the cause of the sinking of the North German Lloyd steamship Elbe after a collision which occurred early in the morning of January 30 last, returned a verdict today of gross negligence upon the part of the mate and lookout man of the British steamer Crathie, which ran into and sunk the Elbe.

The two men mentioned, as shown by the testimony of Sharp, the steward of the Crathie, were found by him in the galley of the steamer when the steward went on deck at 5 o'clock on the morning of the collision, although on the port side of the Crathie was a number of lights, which the steward then believed to be on fishing boats. The three men stayed in the galley until the collision occurred.

In spite of this, owing to the absence of evidence from the survivors of the Elbe, the jury found that there was not sufficient proof that the Crathie was solely to blame for the collision, and on the question of standing by the rule of the road, the jury exonerated Captain Gordon, the commander of the Crathie, from all blame.

NOT THE SAME TRILBY.

"Trilby the Fairy of Argyle" Does Not Resemble Du Maurier's Work.

NEW YORK, May 1.—Touching the claim made in the federal court at Denver in the action by Harper Bros. and A. M. Palmer against the Lyeum Stock company that Trilby did not originate with Du Maurier, but was printed in France in 1890, it was said at the office of Harper Bros.

"The book referred to is 'Trilby, the Fairy of Argyle.' It was written by Charles Nodder, and bears no resemblance to Du Maurier's work. It was translated from the French by somebody in Boston. I suppose we shall have to get an affidavit from Du Maurier, stating that he wrote 'Trilby.' That is about all there is to be done." Du Maurier's original manuscript has been sent to Denver.

GALVESTON WATER DEEP.

A Ship Drawing Nearly Eighteen Feet Gets Over the Bar.

GALVESTON, Tex., May 1.—The Spanish steamship Viviana, laden with cotton, sailed yesterday, drawing seventeen feet seven inches, the greatest depth ever drawn by any vessel crossing the bar.

During the shipping season, from September 1 to date, 242 foreign vessels, laden with cotton, cotton meal and oil cake, have left this port, carrying a tonnage nearly double that of last season.

GONE TO THE JURY.

The Oscar Wilde Case Has Closed and the Verdict Is Awaited.

LONDON, May 1.—In the Old Bailey court today Justice Charles summed up the case against Oscar Wilde and Alfred Taylor. The justice urged that the jury be not influenced by Wilde's writings, saying that many great men had written indecently. The jury must exercise their own judgment as to whether Wilde's letters to Lord Alfred Douglas breathed an unnatural passion, and he also said the relations between Shelly and Wilde were an interesting matter for the jury's judgment.

Jury Disagrees.
LONDON, May 1.—4 p. m.—The jury in the Wilde case has disagreed.

LOCAL MENTION.

City Assessor Geo. D. Hale has appointed his daughter, Lucy C. Hale, a deputy assessor, and her bond has been approved by the county commissioners.

The county commissioners have ordered Chas. Elliott to write a fire insurance policy for \$300 on the poor house on the county farm north of the city.

Washington is to have a new college paper to be known as the Washington News. The students who are backing it are J. W. Beede and H. E. Davies, of Topeka, C. A. McGaw of Meriden, T. M. Aderhold, Valley Falls, and D. N. Wade of Kune, Kansas.

Three jointists who are now in jail Chas. Stone, J. S. Kellam, and Robert Campbell have petitioned the county commissioners for their release. They promise to pay their fines by installments if they are given their liberty.

Mr. Sherwood Eddy of the Students' Volunteer league who has been lecturing with great success in New England and Canada, will address the young people of this city at the First Congregational church this evening, in connection with the woman's missionary meeting now in session.

LI IS CALLED.

The Chinese Viceroy Has Started on a Journey to the Capital.

TIEN TSEN, May 1.—In response to an imperial summons, Viceroy Li Huzhang has started for Peking. It is believed that the object of his journey to the capital is to receive the emperor's ratification of the treaty of peace, arrived at between Japan and China.

Miss Horton to Stay.
Miss Rosamond Horton, who has been her father's stenographer for a year, is to stay as stenographer for Chief Justice David Martin, for the present.

NO WOMAN NAMED.

Mayor Fellows Appoints Sanitary Officers—All Men.

MAYOR FELLOWS announced the appointment of the sanitary officers today, and they took the oath of office and went to work. No woman was appointed though there were two applicants—Dr. Stella Kirby and Dr. Mary E. Stewart.

The mayor has had numerous calls from women who asked that one of the two lady applicants be given a place, but not until this morning did they learn that the appointments had been agreed upon as published in the JOURNAL nearly a month ago.

Mrs. T. S. Lyon called upon the mayor this morning and was told that there were no vacancies, but that he thought it would be a good plan to have a woman on the force.

Both Dr. Kirby and Dr. Stewart were very anxious for the appointment, and they would have proved that a woman is just as capable of looking after the health regulations of the city as a man.

The men appointed are: J. W. Allen, the second ward political striker; Nels McConnell, also of the Second ward, and the only one of the old force reappointed; A. Hardy of the Fifth ward; H. C. Smith of the First ward. Allen, Smith and Hardy are colored men. McConnell is the only one of the old force who was for Fellows at the primary.

R. H. C. Seale, member of the force from the Third ward, and W. E. Stewart, member from the First ward, were relieved. There are two of the old force who were neither relieved nor reappointed. They are J. M. Miller and C. L. Vanderpool. Miller has been acting as sanitary sergeant, and Vanderpool as collector.

The mayor refused to say whether they will be retained or not, but it is not probable that both will be as there are seven members on the force, counting them, and this is more men than are usually employed.

S. B. Hawkins, the colored member of the city central committee from the Fourth ward, was appointed as superintendent of the city dump to succeed A. J. McFry. The salary is only \$40 per month.

W. H. Gillfillan gave up his office as food inspector, and his successor, J. P. Farnsworth, was installed.

Ex-Street Commissioner D. C. Naylor is the only one of the heads of departments under the last city administration now on the city payroll. He is still retained as street foreman and receives \$1.75 per day.

THEY DROVE TOO FAST.

Several Commission Men are Arrested for Being in Too Great Hurry.

The 10:30 Santa Fe train is generally met at the depot by several local commission men. The train brings in a big consignment of berries every day by express, and there is more or less rivalry among the commission men to see who can get to Kansas avenue with their berries first. Officer Johnston is on that beat, and yesterday he made a memorandum of eight zealous dealers in berries whom he thought were driving too fast. Later in the day he arrested all but two of them. He says the commission men whip their horses and start from the depot like a troop of cavalry at double quick charge and a noise like a war dance. The men arrested deny this, however, and propose to prove in the police court tomorrow that their conduct was nothing more than was warranted by the existing rivalry and competition.

Those arrested were S. Cope, Frank Cope, Walter Harris, George Tarbell, Frank Collins and E. Hays.

LEE JONES GETS IT.

He Was Today Issued a Permit to Sell Intoxicating Liquors by Judge Wood.

Lee Jones was today issued a permit to sell intoxicating liquors by Probate Judge Wood.

It was only a short time ago that the judge revoked Mr. Jones' permit, largely on the ground that the drug stock under Mr. Jones' management did not belong to him but that it was owned by the C. D. Smith Drug company of St. Joseph, Mo.

Mr. Jones has now produced proof that he is the sole owner of the store, that the Smith company had a mortgage on it for the payment of some bills but that the claim had been settled so far as the stock was concerned by the acceptance of some notes and the stock was again in his name without encumbrance.

Mr. Jones also took all the necessary oaths and Judge Wood granted him the permit.

GRESHAM IS SICK.

He Is Confined to His Room and Can't See Visitors.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—Secretary Gresham is again ill and confined to his room.

Several members of the diplomatic corps came to the state department today to see him without success. Among them was Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and Dr. Guzman, the Nicaraguan minister.

WARMEST IN 27 YEARS.

And Yet April Was Not So Warm as the March Before It.

LAWRENCE, Kan., May 1.—In his report of April weather for the month just closed F. H. Snow of the Kansas State university says it was the warmest and driest April in twenty-seven years. Average temperature was nearly two degrees higher than that of the hot April of the year 1873. It is rather a curious fact however, that maximum temperature fell below the March maximum.

This month is the 6th consecutive month with deficient rain fall. The four months of this year have had a smaller precipitation than that of the same four months in the twenty-seven years of our observations.

Inhaled Gas.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—W. T. Loper, night manager of the United Press in New York city, committed suicide at the Arlington hotel here last night by inhaling gas.

Inch of Rain in Iowa.

OTTUMWA, Iowa, May 1.—An inch of rain fell along the Burlington road today from Ottumwa east to the Mississippi river.

BUYING OUR GOLD.

The Rothschilds Purchase the Output of Colorado Mines

And Ship it Direct to Europe From the Smelters.

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.

Officials of the Mint Could Not Understand

Why They Got so Little Gold When Production Increased.

The Matter is Now Plain and Easily Understood.

DENVER, May 1.—The Rocky Mountain News says editorially today:

The gold receipts at the Denver mint have fallen off heavily in the past month in spite of increased production. There has been no increase in the receipts at other mints, and assay officers were at a loss to account for the discrepancy. The mystery has been solved. The smelters have been selling their product to the agents of the Rothschilds and others interested in the recent bond sale, instead of placing it in the mint.

The same agents have been purchasing the larger retorts sent up from the principal gold mines, thus keeping a considerable quantity over and above the smelter product out of the mint. These facts are vouched for by men who are in a position to know what is occurring in the inner circles.

The receipts at the mint during the month past have not exceeded one-half the expected amount. The smelter people do their business through New York agents and no doubt obtain a slight advance over the mint price. To them it is purely a business transaction and they of course sell in the best market.

HOKE SMITH AT HOME.

He Thinks the Next President Will Be Against Silver.

JACON, Ga., May 1.—Secretary Hoke Smith of the interior department was interviewed here last night on the financial question. He thought that in the next twelve months a thorough discussion of the money question would be presented all over the country.

This discussion would be limited, he thought, to the proposition for the unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

The secretary divided the people into three classes—gold, silver monometallists and bimetalists.

He did not think the gold monometallists were strong enough to become a factor in the campaign, but that the issue would be for and against silver monometallism. He thought the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present ratio by this country alone, would mean nothing more or less than silver monometallism, for if, under that system, the price of silver bullion did not materially advance, no other metal would be presented at the mints for coinage.

The secretary thought the agitation of the question was not checking the return of prosperity but he hoped the confidence that the plan of the silver men would be defeated would prevent serious injury.

In conclusion Secretary Smith said: "I have no doubt that the next president of the United States will be opposed to the unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1."

ELKINS FOR COMPROMISE.

Thinks Something Should Be Conceded To Gold Men to Keep Them.

LEADVILLE, Colo., May 1.—United States Senator S. B. Elkins is in the city. In speaking of the silver question he said: "We all know that unless it is done, it is doubtful whether the Republican party will succeed in the next presidential election. I have great confidence that the Republican party will solve this question satisfactorily to the American people."

Colorado has more to say in settling this matter than any other state and it should exercise the right of its prerogative, as it is one of the largest producers of silver and one of the most influential of the white metal commonwealths. If Colorado will but point out the way, I think we can get through it."

"I do not pretend to say what the compromise should be, but it would be much better for the silver men to give something, even if the silver men should have control of the convention. Would not it be a good policy to concede something to the gold men and thus hold their support rather than to refuse them everything and lose their support?"

The Free Coinage Wave.
ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Livingston, Madison and Franklin counties, Illinois, have called conventions to send free silver delegates to the Springfield convention. The Democratic committee of Green Co., Mo., passed resolutions favoring free coinage.

CLEVELAND CONDEMNED.

New York Legislature Passes Resolutions by Big Majority.

ALBANY, May 1.—In the assembly today a resolution in condemnation of the course of the national administration in regard to the British Nicaraguan affair was introduced by Representative Alinsworth, the Republican leader, the resolution being adopted by 91 to 15.

Mrs. Mackey Returning.
LONDON, May 1.—Mrs. John W. Mackey, who has not recovered her strength since her recent attack of influenza in Paris, has been ordered to take a sea voyage. She has started for New York, but will return to England at the end of May.

CALL MORRILL TO ACCOUNT

The First Methodist Church of Halstead Speaks Out.

HALSTEAD, Kan., May 1.—The congregation of the First Methodist church of this place is after Gov. Morrill.

The congregation was treated to a rousing sermon Sunday on "Enforcement of Law." The pastor, J. D. Woods, referred feelingly to the governor of the state in his opening prayer and several times made use of his name in the discourse. In his remarks he said: "Obedience is a prerequisite to peace and prosperity. Obedience to divine law has always been a condition for favor from God. Disobedience and violation of law has always met the wrath of God by plague and scourge. Every divine law has its penalty. This is true of all law. No law is without a penalty."

"Law without penalty is simply advice." In illustrating the results of disobedience, reference was made to the Jews of the Babylonian captivity. The people of Kansas, by popular vote, fourteen years ago established the prohibitory law. It seems to be necessary to build up a sentiment in favor of its enforcement. Here followed the Brumbaugh-Morrill incident in which the pastor said the governor's words would only abet the liquor traffic and encourage the hostility to law.

"The governor has done more to undermine the fabric of our laws than anyone else. The people of the state ought to rise in their majesty and let the governor know that they do not propose to be so treated. The governor wants an expression of public sentiment. Are we willing to give it?"

By unanimous vote the congregation declared their belief that the law could be enforced, and declared themselves ready to aid and support any attempt to enforce the law. The discourse was well punctuated with hearty amens, and when the pastor closed several members of the congregation spoke in favor of taking some action. On motion a committee was appointed to draft resolutions calling upon the governor to enforce the law and pledging unqualified support.

JOSHUA SIMPKINS TONIGHT

The Crawford Brothers Open Their Tent Show on Quincy Street.

The Crawford brothers are looking to a large attendance at the opening performance of their tent show tonight. The tent is up on Quincy street and the famous band parade will take place on Kansas avenue at noon today. It consisted of a lot of musicians dressed up as farmers. The balloon ascension is expected to take place this evening at about seven o'clock at the tent. There are ten people in the cast of the piece "Joshua Simpinkins," and eight men in the orchestra. The company also has with it a strong man who is advertised as "Young Sandow." They will leave tonight for Meriden where they will play tomorrow night. This admission is 25 cents.

LINK BOUND OVER.

The Murderer of Pete Jones is Bound Over to the District Court.

Will Link, the colored boy who murdered Pete Jones at the corner of Huntoon and Lincoln streets, last week, was given his preliminary examination before Justice Furry today. He was bound over to the September term of the district court without bond.

The defense proposes to fight the case, although such a course appears to be useless. W. I. Jamison and Judge Beekman of Cowley county have been engaged for the defense. Today's evidence was taken down by Miss Estelle Osborn in short hand and will be transcribed for the benefit of Judge Beekman who was absent today.

Union Terminal to Build.

The Union Terminal Railroad company of Kansas City, Kan., has filed its charter with the secretary of state.

This is the same company which, during the last few years, has been having the big lawsuits before the Kansas railroad commissioners. The new charter authorizes the company, in addition to its present business, to build a narrow gauge railroad around Kansas City, Kan. The capital stock of the company is placed at \$2,000,000.

Persistent Faith in Witchcraft.

The faith in witchcraft is persistent and unconquerable. Two men and a woman have been arrested for the murder of another woman at Baltyvadhan, a village on the slopes of Slieveanaman. The woman had influenza, and her friends mistook the symptoms for signs of witchcraft, imagining that her real self had been carried off by the fairies. Therefore they set about to exorcise the spirit in possession, by the help of a herbalist—such a white witch as the man we mentioned recently as having tried to cure foot and mouth disease by incantations at Exeter. They gave